## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/AU2004/001549

A.	CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		i	
Int. Cl. 7:	C12N 7/02			
According to	International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both r	national classification and IPC		
В.	FIELDS SEARCHED			
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) SEE BELOW				
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched SEE BELOW				
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPIDS, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, AGRICOLA				
KEYWORDS: baculovirus; larva?/helicoverpa/spodoptera/anticarsia/autographa/anagrapha/lymantria/bombyx/buzura;				
Large scale/	scale up/bioreactor/commercial; biopesticide/b	ioinsecticide/pesticide/insecticide		
C.	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appr	opriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
A	Chakraborty, S. and Reid, S., 1999, Serial panucleopolyhedrovirus in <i>Helicoverpa zea</i> cel		1-12	
A	Pathology, 73: 303-308.  p. 307-308, Discussion  Slavicek, J. M. et al., 1996, Isolation of a baculovirus variant that exhibits enhanced polyhedra production stability during serial passage in cell culture, Journal of Invertebrate Pathology, 67: 153-160.  Whole document			
X F	urther documents are listed in the continuation	of Box C See patent family anne	ex	
* Special categories of cited documents:  "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance  "B" earlier application or patent but published on or after the earlier application or patent but published on or after the "X" later document published after the international filing date or priority conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or underlying the invention document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be confident with the application or patent but published on or after the international filing date or priority conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or underlying the invention document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be confident.			e or theory be considered novel	
"I." document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) "Y" document which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) such		cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken ne current of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to colve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other h documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art current member of the same patent family		
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed				
		Date of mailing of the international search report	4 14 M 200E	
17 December 2004 11 JAN 2005				
Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU		Authorized officer		
AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA E-mail address: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		SOPHINA CALANNI Telephone No: (02) 6283 2038		

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PCT/AU2004/001549

	I CI/AU2004	7001342
C (Continuatio	n). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	Wong, K. T. K. et al., 1996, Low multiplicity infection of insect cells with a recombinant baculovirus: the cell yield concept, <i>Biotechnology and Bioengineering</i> , 49: 659-666.  Whole document	1-12
· <b>A</b>	Chakraborty, S. et al., 1995, <i>In vitro</i> production of wild type <i>Heliothis</i> baculoviruses for use as biopesticides, <i>Australasian Biotechnology</i> , 5: 82-86.	1-12
	Whole document	
. A .	Lua, L. H. L. et al., 2002, Phenotypic and genotypic analysis of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> nucleopolyhedrovirus serially passaged in cell culture, <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 83:945-955.	1-12
	Whole document	
<b>A</b> .	Bull, J. C. et al., 2003 (April), A few-polyhedra mutant and wild-type nucleopolyhedrovirus remain as a stable polymorphism during serial coinfection in <i>Trichoplusia ni</i> , Applied and Environmental Microbiology, 69: 2052-2057.	
	p. 2054, Serial rounds of insect infection	
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